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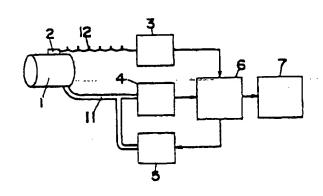
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(54) 【発明の名称 】 血圧計

(57)【 要約】

【目的】 体動に伴う腕の小さな振動やゆっくりした服の上下動が発生した場合にこれを検知して報知する。

【構成】 人体の襲部をカフ帯1により圧迫 阻血して 動脈音及び動脈脈動を検出することで血圧を決定する血 圧計である。カフ帯1に体動を検知するための加速度セ ンサー2を設置する。加速度センサー2により検知した 体動を報知する報知手段7を設ける。加速度センサー2 で体動を検知して報知手段7により体動を報知する。



l **カフ帯** 2 加速度センサー 7 報知手段

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【特許請求の範囲】

【請求項1】 人体の要部をカフ帯により圧迫・阻血し て動脈音及び動脈脈動を検出することで血圧を決定する 血圧計において、カフ帯に体動を検知するための加速度 センサーを設置し、加速度センサーにより検知した体動 を報知する報知手段を設けて成ることを特徴とする。血圧 計.

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【訓求項2】 体動検知により検知された体動変位量に 応じて血圧測定を中断または再測定する手段を設けて成 ることを特徴とする調求項1記載の血圧計。

【請求項3】 カフ帯に表示手段を設置し、血圧値、脈 動値に加えて体動機知を報知する手段を設けて成ること を持徴とする請求項1記載の血圧計.

【発明の詳細な説明】

[0001]

【産業上の利用分野】本発明は、血圧計の体動検知に関 するものである。

[0002]

【従來の技術】従來の血圧計では体動、特に鮑の大きな 動作に伴うカフ圧力変化があった場合に、図7に示すよ うに、カフ圧力の変動を異常と判断して血圧測定中に異 常を知らせたり、測定を中断したりしていた。しかし、 比較的小さな体動の場合にカフ圧力の変化は少なく、測 定誤主を生じることがあった。また、図6に示すよう に、比較的ゆっくりとした腕の上下がある場合でもカフ 圧力の変化は少なく、異常を知らせることができなかっ た。また、腕の上下により腕と心臓14とに高さの差が 生じ、水頭圧型により腕の血圧が心臓の血圧と異なって くる.

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(発明が解決しようとする課題)上記のように従来にあ っては、体動に伴う原の小さな振動やゆっくりした腕の 上下動が発生した場合には従来の血圧計ではそれを検知 する手段がなかった。本発明は上記の従来例の問題点に 鑑みて発明したものであって、その目的とするところは 体動に伴う腕の小さな振動やゆっくりした腕の上下動が 発生した場合にこれを検知して報知することができ、ま た、正確な血圧測定ができる血圧計を提供するにある。 100041

【課題を解決するための手段】上記した従来例の問題点 40 を解決して本発明の目的を達成するために、本発明の血 圧計は、人体の必部をカフ帯1により圧迫・阻血して動 脈省及び動脈脈動を検出することで血圧を決定する血圧 計において、カフ帯1に体動を検知するための加速度セ ンサー2を設置し、加速度センサー2により換知した体 動を報知する報知手段7を設けて成ることを特徴とする ものである.

【〇〇〇5】また、体動検知により検知された体動変位 **益に応じて血圧測定を中断または再測定する手段を設け** ることが好ましい。更に、カフ帯1に表示手段15を設 50 たり、測定中断を判定するようになっている。すなわ

置し、血圧値、脈動値に加えて体動検知を報知する手段 13を設けることも好ましい。

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[0006]

【作用】本発明によれば、上記のようにカフ帯1に体動 を検知するための加速度センサー2を設置し、加速度セ ンサー2により検知した体動を報知する報知手段7を設 けることで、体動に伴う腕の小さな抵動やゆっくりとし た前の上下が発生してもこれを加速度センサー2により 検知して報知手段7により報知することで、体動に伴う 風の小さな振動やゆっくりとした腕の上下が飛生したこ とを確認できて、これらの動きを確認できないまま不正 確な血圧測定を行うのを防止することができるようにな ったものである.

【〇〇〇7】また、体動検知により検知された体動変位 量に応じて血圧測定を中断または再測定する手段を設け ると、体動による不正確な血圧測定を無くし、再測定又 は不正確な測定の中断ができるようになったものでわ る。また、カフ帯1に表示手段15を設置し、血圧値、 駅動館に加えて体動物知を報知する手段13を設ける と、体動があった場合に、それを報知する部分が血圧 値、原動値の表示部分であるため、測定中における体動 を確認しやすく、正確な測定がしやすくなったものであ

[8000]

【実施例】以下本発明を添付図面に示す実施例に基づい て詳述する。図1には本免明の一実施例を示すブロック 図である。本発明の血圧計は人体の要部をカフ帯 1 によ り圧迫・阻血して動脈音及び動脈脈動を検出することで 血圧を決定するようになっている。カフ帯1の上には体 30 動を検知するための加速度センサー2が設置してあり、 アンプ3により電圧変換して制御部6に入力するように なっている。また、加速度の大きさにしたがって制御部 6から報知手段7(例えばブザー)を制御して報知する ようになっている。図1においてす1はエアバイブ、4---は圧力変換回路、5吐カフ帯加減圧機構である。

【0009】図2、図3には加速度センサー2の例が示 してあり、個体8の中に重り9と圧電素子10が設けて あり、図2に示すものは圧電素子10の上に重り9を配 設したものであり、図3に示すものは板状の圧電条子1 0の先端に重り9を配置したものであり、図2のように 圧武器子10の圧縮。伸張や図3のように圧電器子10 の摂みによりケーブル12に加速度延位が発生するよう になっている。なお、速度、変位は加速度をそれぞれ一 次徴分、二次積分したものであって、変換可能である し、また、体動を加速度だけで見てもよい。

【0010】図4には本発明の他の実施例が示してあ る。この実施例においては、図4の不口一図に示すよう に、振曲発生時の振動レベル(加速度)にしたがって振 動を報知したり、振動レベルが大きい場合には再測定し

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ち、図1、図4において加速度センサー2で体動を検出 するのであるが、体動による振動が発生した場合、加速 度センサー2で検出した加速度電位がアンプ3を経て側 御部3に入力されるが、加速度電位が一定値以下の

「小」の場合には報知手段7により報知する。そして、加速度電位が一定値以上の「大」の場合には一定時間内における振動の数を判定し、例えば、0.5秒~2秒の間に続いて「大」の振動が発生していない場合には再測定になり、一方0.5秒~2秒の間に続いて「大」の振動が発生した場合には測定中断になり停止する。この測 10 定中断の場合には加減圧機構5のバルブを開き、測定を停止するものである。

【0011】図5には本発明の更に他の実施例が示してある。この実施例においては、カフ帯1に加速度センサー2を内蔵すると共にカフ帯1上に表示手段15を設置してある。この扱示手段15は血圧値、脈動値を表示する部分16と、体動検知を報知する手段13が設けてある。この体動検知を報知する手段13は例えば、文字により「動かないで」というような加速度センサー2で検知した体動を報知する部分が血圧値、脈動値の表示部分と同じ表示手段15において表示されるので、表示手段15を見ながら測定している間における体動を確認して、動かないように注意して正確な測定ができるものである。

[0012]

【発明の効果】本発明にあっては、上述のように、人体の要部をカフ帯により圧迫・阻血して動脈音及び動脈脈動を検出することで血圧を決定する血圧計において、カフ帯に体動を検知するための加速度センサーを設置し、加速度センサーにより検知した体動を報知する報知手段

を設けたので、体動に伴う腕の小さな振動やゆっくりとした腕の上下が発生したことを加速度センサーにより検知して親知手段により報知でき、この結果、これらの体動を確認できないまは不正確な血圧測定を行うのを防止することができるものである。

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【0013】また、体動検知により検知された体動変位 量に応じて血圧測定を中断または再測定する手段を設け るものにおいては、体動による不正確な血圧測定をを無 くし、再測定又は不正確な測定の中断ができ、この錯 果、正確な血圧測定を行うことができるものである。ま た、カフ帯に表示手段を設置し、血圧値、脈動値に加え て体動検知を報知する手段を設けると、体動があった場 合に、それを報知する部分が血圧値、脈動値の表示部分 であるため、測定中における体動を確認しやすく、正確 な測定がしやすいものである。

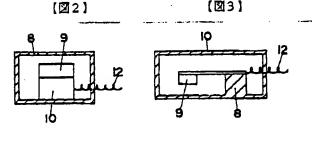
【図面の簡単な説明】

- 【図1】本発明のブロック図である。
- 【図2】同上に用いる加速度センサーの一例を示す断面 図である。
- 20 【図3】同上に用いる加速度センサーの他例を示す断面 図である。
 - 【図4】本発明の他の実施例のフロー図である。
 - 【図5】本発明の更に他の実施例の斜視図である。
 - 【図6】体動を説明する説明図である。
 - 【図7】カフ圧力の変動を示すグラフである。

【符号の説明】

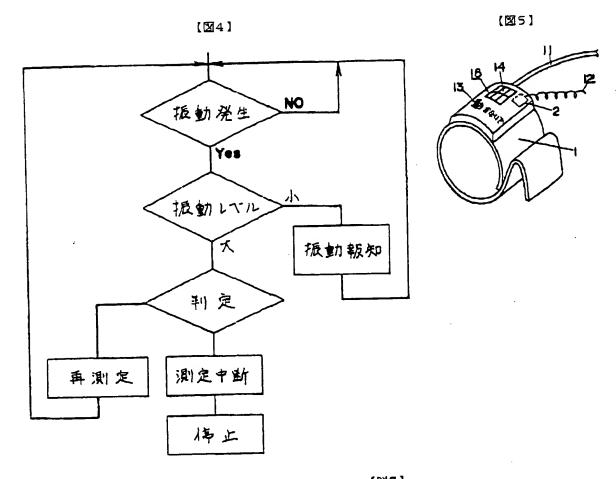
- 1 カフ帯
- 2 加速度センザー
- 7 報知手段
- 0 13 体動検知を報知する手段
 - 15 表示手段

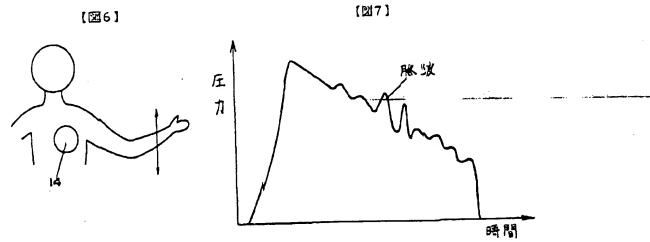
1 カフ森 型 加速度センサー フ 初知系数



(4)

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FROM : CHARLES P BOUKUS JR

FAX NO. : 703-415-2622

CLIPPEDIMAGE= JP405200004A

PAT-NO: JP405200004A

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: JP 05200004 A

TITLE: HEMADYNAMOMETER

PUBN-DATE: August 10, 1993

INVENTOR-INFORMATION:

NAME

TERADA, HARUHIRO

ASSIGNEE-INFORMATION:

NAME

COUNTRY

MATSUSHITA ELECTRIC WORKS LTD

N/A

APPL-NO: JP04012501

APPL-DATE: January 28, 1992

INT-CL_(IPC): A61B005/022; A61B005/11 US-CL-CURRENT: 600/486,600/490

ABSTRACT:

PURPOSE: To detect and inform the occurrence of small vibrations of an arm accompanying body motion and the vertical slow motion of the arm.

CONSTITUTION: Blood pressure is determined by applying constriction and blood blocking with a cuff band 1 to principal parts of a human body to detect an artery sound and pulsation. Also, the cuff band 1 is provided with an acceleration sensor 2 for detecting body motion. An informing means 7 for informing the body motion detected by the acceleration sensor 2 is provided. The body motion is detected by the acceleration sensor 2 and informed by the informing means 7.

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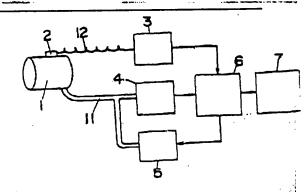
(54) Title of the invention: Hemodynamometer

(57) [Abstract]

[Purpose] Notification in the event that small vibrations of the arm, accompanying body movement, and slow upward

and downward movements of the arm occur.

[Composition] This is a hemodynamometer that determines blood pressure, by detecting arterial sound and pulsation of the artery, by constricting and obstructing the blood of the main parts of the body with a cuff band (1). The cuff band (1) is provided with an acceleration sensor (2) for notification of body movement. Notification device (7) that indicates the hody movement, detected by the acceleration sensor (2) has been provided. Body movement is detected by the acceleration sensor (2), and notification of body movement is provided by the notification device.



(Diagram)

1. Cuff band

2. Acceleration sensor

7. Notification device

[Scope of patent claims]

[Claim 1] Hemodynamometer, which determines the blood pressure, by detecting arterial sound and pulsation of the artery, by constricting and obstructing the blood of the main parts of the body with a cuff band, characterized by the fact that it is composed of an acceleration sensor for detecting body movement, at the cuff band, and a notification device, which provides notification of body movement, detected by the acceleration sensor.

[Claim 2] The hemodynamometer, recorded in Claim 1, characterized by the fact that it is composed of a device, which suspends or remeasures the blood pressure measurement, in accordance with the amount of displacement, due to body movement, detected by body movement.

[Claim 3] The hemodynamometer, recorded in Claim 1, characterized by the fact that it is composed of a display device on the cuff band, and by providing a device, which indicates body movement detection, in addition to the blood pressure value, and the pulse value.

[Detailed explanation of the invention]

[0001]

[Field of industrial application] The present invention relates to body movement detection by a hemodynamometer.

[0002]

[Prior art] In the case of conventional hemodynamometers, in the event that there were cuff pressure changes accompanying body movement, in particular, a large movement of the arm, as shown in Diagram 7, the fluctuation of the cuff pressure was determined to be abnormal, so notification was provided of the abnormality during blood pressure measurement, and the measurement was interrupted. However, in the event of a comparatively small body movement, there were times when measurement errors arose, since the changes in cuff pressure were small. In addition, as shown in Diagram 6, even in cases where there was a comparatively slow upward and downward movement of the arm, it was not possible to provide notification of abnormalities, since the changes in cuff pressure were small. In addition, since a difference arose in the height, of the arm and the heart (14), due to the upward and downward movement of the arm, the blood pressure of the arm becomes different from the blood pressure of the heart, due to the hydrencephalic pressure difference.

[0003]

[Problems that the invention attempts to solve]

As noted above, previously when small vibrations of the arm accompanying body movement, or slow upward and downward movements of the arm occurred, there were no means for detecting this with a conventional hemodynamometer. The present invention was based on the above-mentioned problems, with the conventional art, and its purpose lies in the provision of a hemodynamometer, which can provide notification, by detecting instances, where small vibrations of the arm accompanying body movement, or slow upward and downward movements of the arm occur, and, in addition, can perform accurate blood pressure measurement.

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[0004]

[Means for solving the problems] In order to solve the problems of the prior art, noted above, and attain the purposes of the present invention, the hemodynamometer is characterized by the fact that, being a hemodynamometer that determines blood pressure, by detecting arterial sound and pulsation of the artery, by constricting and obstructing the blood of the main parts of the body with a cuff band (1), it is composed of an acceleration sensor (2) for detecting body movement at the cuff band (1), and a notification device (7), which indicates body movement, detected by the acceleration sensor (2).

[0005]

In addition, it is preferable to provide a device that suspends or remeasures the blood pressure measurement, in accordance with the amount of displacement, due to body movement detection. Moreover, it is preferable to provide a display device (15) on the cull band, and to provide a method (13) that indicates body movement detection, in addition to the blood pressure value, and the pulse value.

[0006]

[Action] According to the present invention, as noted above, by providing an acceleration sensor (2) on the cuff band (1), for detecting body movement, and by providing a notification device (7), which indicates body movement, detected by the acceleration sensor (2), even when small vibrations of the arm, accompanying body movement, or slow upward and downward movements of the arm occur, this is detected by the acceleration sensor (2), and notification is provided by the notification device (7), and, due to this, it becomes possible to confirm the fact that small vibrations of the arm, accompanying body movement, or slow upward and downward movements of the arm have occurred, and, in addition, it becomes possible to prevent the carrying out of inaccurate blood pressure measurement, which occurs when it is not possible to confirm these movements.

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In addition, when a method for suspending the blood pressure measurement, or remeasuring, in accordance with the amount of displacement of body movement detection is provided, it becomes possible to eliminate inaccurate blood pressure measurements, due to body movement, and it becomes possible to carry out remeasurement, or to suspend inaccurate measurement. In addition, when a display device (15) is provided on the cuff band (1), and a device (13) that provides notification of body movement detection, in addition to the blood pressure value, and the pulse value, is provided, in those cases where there is body movement, the part that provides notification of this is the display part for the blood pressure value and the pulse value, so, confirmation of body movement during measurement, and accurate measurement become easy.

[8000]

[Working example] Below is a detailed description of the present invention, based on the working examples shown in the attached diagrams. Diagram 1 is a block diagram, showing one working example of the present invention. The hemodynamometer, which constitutes the present invention, has been configured, so that it determines blood pressure, by detecting arterial sound and pulsation of the artery, by constricting and obstructing the blood of the main parts of the body with a cuff band (1). An acceleration sensor (2), for detecting body movement, has been provided on the cuff band (1), and it is



FROM : CHARLES P BOUKUS JR

configured, so that it performs voltage conversion with an amp (3), and inputs this with a control part (6). In addition, it is configured, so that it provides notification, by controlling the notification device (7), (for example, a buzzer) from the control part (6), in accordance with the amount of acceleration. In diagram 1, (11) is an air pipe, (4) is a voltage conversion circuit, and (5) is a cuff band adjustable pressure mechanism.

100091

An example of the acceleration sensor (2) has been shown in diagram 2 and diagram 3, a pile (9) and a piezoelectric element (10) have been provided inside the [illegible; perhaps "body frame"?]; the item shown in diagram 2 is an item, where the pile (9) is arranged on top of the piezoelectric element (10); the item shown in diagram 3 is where the pile (9) is arranged at the tip of a plate-shaped piezoelectric element (10); and the device is configured, so that acceleration electric potential is generated on the cable (12), owing to the compression and expansion of the piezoelectric element (10), as shown in diagram 2, and the bending of the piezoelectric element (10), as shown in diagram 3. The speed and displacement carry out primary and secondary integration of the acceleration, respectively, and, in addition to its being convertible, it is also possible to observe body movement by acceleration only.

[0010]

Another working example of the present invention has been shown in diagram 4. In this working example, as shown in the flow chart in diagram 4, the device is configured, so that notification is provided by vibrations, in accordance with the vibration level (acceleration), at the time the vibration occurs, remeasurement is performed in the event that the vibration level is high, and a judgment of measurement suspension is made. In other words, in diagram 3 and diagram 4 body movement is detected by the acceleration sensor (2); in the event that vibrations, due to body movement, occur, the acceleration electric potential, detected by the acceleration sensor (2), is inputted to the control part (3) through the amp (3); in the event that the acceleration electric potential is "small", below a fixed value, notification is provided by the notification device (7). Then, in the event that the acceleration electric potential is "large", above a fixed value, the number of vibrations, in a fixed period, is determined. For example, in the event that "large" vibrations have not occurred continuously for 0.5 seconds ~ 2 seconds, remeasurement is carried out, while in the event that "large" vibrations occur continuously for 0.5 seconds ~ 2 seconds the measurement ends up being suspended, and the procedure is stopped. In the cases of such a measurement suspension, the valve of the acceleration mechanism (5) opens, and the measurement stops.

[0011]

Another working example of the present invention has been shown in diagram 5. In this working example, the acceleration sensor (2) has been built into the cuff band (1), and, in addition, a display device (15) has been provided on the cuff band (1). A part (16)* that displays the blood pressure value, the pulse value, and the device (13) for providing notification of the body movement detection, have been provided for this display (15). The device (13) for providing notification of this body movement detection is configured, so that it provides notification of body movement, detected by the acc leration sensor (2). For example, the display message "Do not move", since the part that provides notification of the body movement, detected, in this manner, by the acceleration sensor (2), is displayed on the same display (5) as the display part for the blood pressure value, and pulse value. It is possible to confirm

^{*}Item (16) does not appear in the diagram provided.

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body movement in the time period, in which one is carrying out measurements, as one observes the display device (15), and, thus, it becomes possible to accurately measure, by paying attention, so that the subject does not move.

[0012]

[Effects of the invention] In the present invention, as described above, in a hemodynamometer, which determines the blood pressure, by detecting arterial sound and pulsation of the artery, by constricting and obstructing the blood of the main parts of the body with a cuff band, an acceleration sensor, for detecting body movement at the cuff band, is provided, and a notification device, which provides notification of body movement, detected by the acceleration sensor, is provided, so, as a result, it becomes possible to detect that small vibrations of the arm, accompanying body movement, or slow upward and downward movements of the arm, have occurred, by means of the acceleration sensor, and to provide notification, so it becomes possible to prevent the carrying out of inaccurate blood pressure measurement, which happens when it is not possible to confirm these movements.

[0013]

In addition, in an item where a method for suspending the blood pressure measurement, or remeasuring in accordance with the amount of displacement of body movement detection is provided, it becomes possible to eliminate inaccurate blood pressure measurements, due to body movement, and it becomes possible to remeasure, or to suspend inaccurate measurement. As a result, it is possible to perform accurate blood pressure measurement. In addition, when a display device is provided on the cuff band, and a device, which provides notification of body movement detection, besides the blood pressure value, and the pulse value, in those cases, where there is body movement, the part that provides notification of this is the display part for the blood pressure value and the pulse value, so, confirmation of body movement during measurement, and accurate measurement, become easy.

|Brief explanation of diagrams|

[Diagram 1]

This is a block diagram of the present invention.

|Diagram 2|

This is a cross section diagram, showing one example of the acceleration sensor, used in the device shown in diagram 1.

[Diagram 3]

This is a cross section diagram, showing another example of the acceleration sensor, used in the device shown in diagram 1.

/Diagram 4/

This is a flow diagram of another working example of the present invention.

[Diagram 5]

This is an oblique view of yet another working example of the present invention.

[Diagram 6]

This is an explanatory diagram, which describes body movement.

[Diagram 7]

This is a graph, showing the fluctuations of cuff pressure.

[Key]

- 1. Cuff band
- 2. Acceleration sensor
- 7. Notification device
- 13. Device for notification of body movement detection
- 15. Display device

[Diagram 1]

- 1. Cuff band
- 2. Acceleration sensor
- 7. Notification device

[Diagram 2]

[Diagram 3]

[Diagram 4]

[Flow chart, top to hottom]

Diamond 11

Occurrence of vibration

[Diamond 2]

Vibration level

[Line to right]

Small

[Box at right]

Notification of vibration

|Downward line

Large

[Diamond 3]

Determination

|Box at lower left|

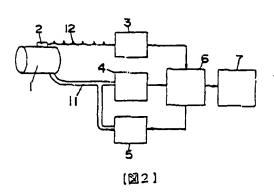
Remeasurement

[Box below diamond 3]

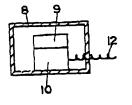
Measurement suspended

[Box, bottom center]

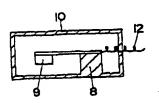
Stop

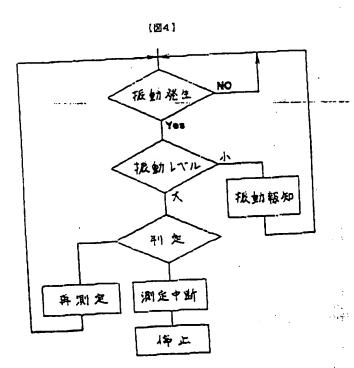


(**3**1)



【图3】





[Diagram 5]

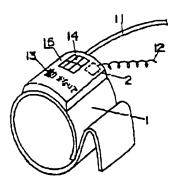
13. "Do not move"

[Diagram 6]

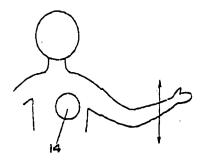
|Diagram 7|

[x axis] Time
[y axis] Pressure
[Indication in graph] Pulse wave

[図5]



【図6】



[2]7]